



Sandip Institute of Engineering and Management, Nasik



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER ENGINEERING

Presents

E-Insights



Volume 4 Issue 1 2022-23

About SIEM



Sandip Institute of Engineering and Management (SIEM) is located in the scenic, eco-friendly and conductive-to-study campus at an elevation off the Trimbak Road (Mahiravani, Nasik) leading to one of the twelve renowned pilgrimages of jvotirlingas known as Trimbakeshwar (abode of Lord Shiva) at the foot hills of Brahmagiri mountain ranges. SIEM is approved by All India Council for Technical Education, New Delhi Government of India and affiliated to Savitribai Phule University of Pune. SIEM is committed to imparting quality education in an atmosphere that will ensure that its students are confident, self motivated and industryready. Towards this goal, we are giving importance to qualified and experienced faculty for effective teaching-learning process, equipping our laboratories with best-in- class machines and instrument and developing overall personality of our students (with emphasis on strengthening the fundamentals of subjects, ability to work as a team and good communication skill). There is a well formulated regime with a blend of theoretical learning and practical experience. This enables the faculty to guide the students to learn tomorrow, today.

Sandip Foundation's

Sandip Institute of Engineering and Management, Nasik.



Department of Computer Engineering

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E-Insights

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About Department Computer Engineering

The Department of Computer Engineering sustains and strengthens its teaching and learning program by adapting a comprehensive student centric approach designed to add significant value to the learner in an integrated manner through conceptual and interactive teaching, active lab sessions, seminars, projects, and independent study. As the continued up gradation of the knowledge and skills of faculty members is vital for continuous growth and development of the department, faculties are motivated to attend workshops, seminars, conferences and Training programs. Department has well equipped state-of-the-art laboratories with latest hardware and software configuration for conducting various practical's as well as highly qualified and experienced faculty to nurture the future technocrats of the nation.

Editor-in-chief Mr.Nilesh.B.Madke

Editor Mr. Abhishek Dhatrak Ms.Dnyaeshwari Harde

Vision and Mission of Institute

Vision of the Institute

We at SIEM aspire to be a globally recognized Institute that delivers a world class education to outstanding intellectuals by nurturinc and grooming their interests, creative abilities and thrusts to acquire a lifelong learning so as to imbibe values of their commitment towards society.

Mission of the Institute

We at SIEM shall strive continuously,

- To inculcate and imbibe knowledge of cutting-edge technologies and its implementation for solving real life problems in E conducive environment.
- To collaborate with national and international institutes/industries/ universities of repute for sustainable growth through tearr work.
- To motivate and retain highly skilled and knowledgeable individuals, whose creativity and interest in teaching upholds to achieve desired goals.
- To provide a dedicated platform to cater the needs of individuals and inspire them for their intellectual growth and character building.
- To enable the students to achieve excellence in the chosen fields and to share the responsibilities of citizenship and service in E disciplined manner.

Vision and Mission of Department

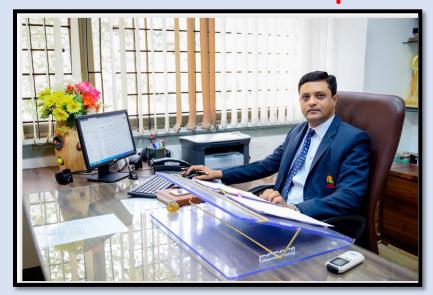
Vision of the Department

The department aims to be recognised in the field of quality education through excellence in teaching, learning, research and innovation for the betterment of society.

Mission of the Department

- To provide world class infrastructure with modern tools and technologies for better learning ambiance.
- To enhance problem-solving skills approaches by encouraging young and inspiring minds with innovative teaching & learning.
- To build competent professionals and entrepreneurs through collaborative learning with national and international institutes of repute.
- To contribute in the development of society & nation at large through excellence in research and innovation.

Golden Words from Principal



Welcome to Sandip
Foundation's Sandip
Institute of
Engineering and
Management.

Representing Sandip
Institute of
Engineering and

Management is a great matter of pride for me. In this marvelous campus of Sandip Foundation, we strive to inculcate values in students which nurture them in a way that makes them excel in academics, innovation and personal growth. The prime interest of the institute has always been to impart knowledge, values, skills and wisdom in students to empower them to become the torch bearers of their respective fields.

We support an all-encompassing approach to education that integrates academic concepts with real-world applications. We pledge to deliver each and every stakeholder top-notch facilities and services. In order to integrate academic understanding to real-world problems and applications, our laboratories and research facilities provide students with hands-on learning opportunities.

We encourage our students to engage in extracurricular and intellectual activities as a supplement to their academic endeavors.

These experiences aid in the development of critical life skills, the enhancement of communication abilities, and the formation of enduring

connections that will last a lifetime. The institutes additionally offer

employability-enhancement programs, value-added programs, and

credentials in addition to the primary academic curriculum.

Furthermore, we furnish webinars, seminars, guest lectures, workshops,

and skill-based training modules for advancing the level of bar of the

knowledge of students' field of interest.

In my ability and as this prestigious institution's principal, I can

confidently assure you that we are dedicated to creating an orderly and

enriching campus environment. To ascertain everyone's success both

academically and personally, we place a high priority on their well-being

and provide the best assistance whenever required.

Let's change the world together and leave an enduring impression of

being an integral part of the Sandip Group of Institutes.

Thank You. Best Regards.

Dr. Dipak P. Patil Principal

Valuable Words from Head of the Department

Greeting from the Department of Computer Engineering!!

The world is going through a tremendous positive transformation, and in education its effects are clearly visible. We in the Department of Computer Engineering



wish to be part of this positive change utilizing our core strengths in Technical knowledge, Research, Data Analytics and world class Infrastructure. Department of Computer Engineering was established in the year 2010 with Batchelor of Computer Engineering (BE) Programme with Intake of 60. Being an integral part of an institution, Sandip Institute of Engineering and Management, Sandip Foundation, Nasik, naturally helps the department and its programmes imbibe all the values and ethos that have made the institute an epitome of excellence.

The rigorous education and training which students get, helps them to tackle the complexity of the engineering and corporate environment as they are able to unshackle themselves from the confines of mere technical competencies. With a carefully designed syllabus by SPPU, we keep up to the true Sandip Foundation tradition of sensitizing ourselves with the latest trends in the industry. The emphasis of the training, Value added Programs in the Department is on building technical as well as people skills, which is indispensable for each of our students to do well in their life.

The class being a heterogeneous mix of academically motivated students from diverse, yet related fields naturally enriches the learning environment, turning it into a fountainhead of vibrant ideas.

The response from both academic institutes as well as industry has been very enthusiastic and encouraging. This bears testimony to the fact that our alumni have made us proud by assuming various positions in reputed organizations like Persistent, Accenture, Amazon, Synel and many more. The placement of the students has been equally encouraging as they have joined many reputed organizations like Infosys, Persistent, Amazon, TCS, Accenture, etc

All these achievements of the department would not have been possible without the enthusiastic and dedicated work of our past and present faculty members. Department faculty members are exceptionally dedicated set of teachers and at the same time top notch researchers in their field of study publishing on regular intervals in reputed journals. They have also done the department extremely proud by writing various books, book chapters etc. Department has also been in the fore front of industry interaction.

We are supremely confident that in years to come Department with its rigorous and regularly updated syllabus, research, innovative teaching techniques and active participation with industry will enforce the reputation of as an enviable seat of higher learning.

Dr. K. A. Shirsath (Nalavade) Head, Department of Computer Engineering Sandip Institute of Engineering and Management, Nasik

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01.INS Arighat: A Milestone in Bharat's Technological Growth

Introduction

INS Arighat, Bharat's second ballistic missile nuclear submarine (SSBN), represents a significant leap in the nation's maritime capabilities and technological development. Commissioned as part of Bharat's strategic nuclear deterrence program, INS Arighat enhances the country's defense posture while symbolizing the nation's progress in advanced naval technology. This article explores why INS Arighat is crucial for Bharat, examines the advanced technologies that underpin its capabilities, and highlights the role of computer technology in its development and operation.

Significance of INS Arighat

INS Arighat is a cornerstone of Bharat's maritime strategic capabilities, reflecting the country's commitment to strengthening its defense infrastructure. As the second submarine in the Arihant class, INS Arighat plays a pivotal role in augmenting Bharat's nuclear triad, which includes land-based missiles, air-launched missiles, and sea-based missiles. The submarine's significance lies in several key areas:

1. **Strategic Deterrence**: INS Arighat enhances Bharat's second-strike capability, which is essential for maintaining a credible nuclear deterrent. A sea-based platform like INS Arighat ensures that Bharat can retaliate with nuclear force even if its land-based or air-based assets are neutralized in a first strike. This capability deters potential adversaries by ensuring that Bharat's nuclear arsenal remains secure and survivable.

- 2. Enhanced Maritime Security: The submarine contributes to securing Bharat's extensive maritime borders. Its stealth capabilities and extended operational range make it a formidable asset in safeguarding the nation's interests in the Indian Ocean region. This is increasingly important in the context of rising regional maritime tensions and strategic competition in the Indo-Pacific.
- 3. **Technological Prestige**: The development and commissioning of INS Arighat mark a milestone in Bharat's technological journey. It showcases the country's ability to indigenously design, build, and operate complex naval systems, underscoring its growing capabilities in high-end defense technology.

Technological Innovations in INS Arighat

INS Arighat is equipped with several advanced technologies that highlight Bharat's progress in naval engineering and strategic capabilities. These include:

- 1. Advanced Nuclear Propulsion: INS Arighat is powered by an indigenously developed nuclear reactor, allowing it to operate underwater for extended periods without surfacing. This nuclear propulsion system is crucial for providing the submarine with the endurance and stealth required for strategic deterrence missions. The reactor's design emphasizes safety and efficiency, reflecting Bharat's advancements in nuclear technology.
- 2. **Ballistic Missile System**: The submarine is armed with K-15 and K-4 ballistic missiles, capable of carrying nuclear warheads. The K-15 has a range of approximately 750 kilometers, while the K-4 extends this to around 3,500 kilometers. These missiles are

- launched from vertical launch systems (VLS) integrated into the submarine's hull, allowing for efficient and discreet deployment.
- 3. **Stealth Technology**: INS Arighat incorporates advanced stealth features to reduce its acoustic signature and radar cross-section. This includes specialized hull designs and noise-reduction technologies that enhance the submarine's ability to avoid detection. Stealth technology is vital for ensuring the submarine's operational effectiveness and survivability in hostile environments.
- 4. **Advanced Combat Systems**: The submarine is equipped with state-of-the-art combat systems, including sonar arrays and electronic warfare equipment. These systems enable INS Arighat to detect and track potential threats while minimizing its own detectability. The integration of these systems enhances the submarine's situational awareness and operational effectiveness.
- 5. **Automated Control Systems**: INS Arighat features sophisticated automated control systems that streamline its operations and enhance its operational efficiency. These systems assist in navigation, weapon deployment, and system management, allowing for precise and reliable performance in various mission scenarios.

Contribution of Computer Technology

Computer technology plays a crucial role in the development, operation, and maintenance of INS Arighat. Several key aspects of computer technology are integral to the submarine's advanced capabilities:

1. **Integrated Combat Systems**: Computer systems are central to the submarine's combat and navigation systems. Advanced algorithms and real-time processing power enable INS Arighat to handle complex tasks such as threat detection, missile targeting, and tactical decision-making. The integration of computer technology ensures that the submarine can operate effectively in a wide range of scenarios, from strategic deterrence to defensive maneuvers.

- 2. **Simulation and Training**: Computer-based simulations are used extensively in the training of INS Arighat's crew. These simulations replicate the submarine's operational environment and combat scenarios, allowing personnel to practice responses and refine their skills. The use of virtual reality (VR) and advanced simulation tools enhances the training experience, preparing the crew for real-world challenges.
- 3. **Maintenance and Diagnostics**: Computer technology is essential for the maintenance and diagnostics of INS Arighat. Advanced diagnostic systems monitor the submarine's various components, providing real-time data on their performance and detecting potential issues before they escalate. This proactive approach to maintenance ensures the submarine remains in optimal condition and enhances its operational reliability.
- 4. **Data Management and Communication**: The submarine relies on sophisticated data management systems to handle the vast amounts of information it gathers. Computer technology facilitates secure and efficient communication both within the submarine and with external command centers. Encryption and data protection measures ensure that sensitive information remains secure and confidential.

5. **Automation and Control Systems**: Automated control systems onboard INS Arighat are driven by computer technology. These systems manage critical functions such as propulsion, navigation, and weapon systems, allowing for precise control and coordination. The automation of these functions reduces the potential for human error and enhances the submarine's operational efficiency.

Conclusion

INS Arighat stands as a testament to Bharat's technological growth and strategic ambitions. Its advanced capabilities not only bolster

the nation's maritime defense but also highlight the progress made in indigenous naval technology. The submarine's incorporation of cuttingedge technologies—ranging from nuclear propulsion and ballistic



missile systems to stealth and combat systems—underscores the sophistication of Bharat's defense infrastructure. Additionally, computer technology plays a pivotal role in enhancing the submarine's capabilities, from combat systems and simulation training to maintenance and data management. As Bharat continues to evolve in its technological pursuits, INS Arighat will remain a crucial asset, symbolizing both the country's growing defense capabilities and its commitment to safeguarding national security.

02. Exploring the Frontier of Artificial General Intelligence (AGI)

Introduction

Artificial General Intelligence (AGI) refers to a type of AI that can understand, learn, and apply knowledge across a wide range of tasks at a level comparable to human intelligence. Unlike narrow AI, which is designed for specific tasks, AGI aims to exhibit general cognitive abilities. This article explores the current state of AGI research, its potential implications, and the challenges faced in its development.

Current State of AGI Research

AGI remains largely theoretical, with most AI research focused on narrow AI systems. However, several approaches are being explored to bridge the gap between narrow AI and AGI:

- 1. **Cognitive Architectures**: Research in cognitive architectures aims to build AI systems that emulate human cognitive processes. Examples include the Cognitive Architecture for Virtual Agents (CAVA) and the ACT-R framework.
- 2. **Neural Network Advances**: Deep learning and neural networks have made significant strides, but achieving AGI requires further advancements in understanding and replicating human-like learning and reasoning.
- 3. **Unified AI Models**: Some researchers propose developing unified models that integrate various AI approaches, such as reinforcement

learning, supervised learning, and unsupervised learning, to create more versatile systems.

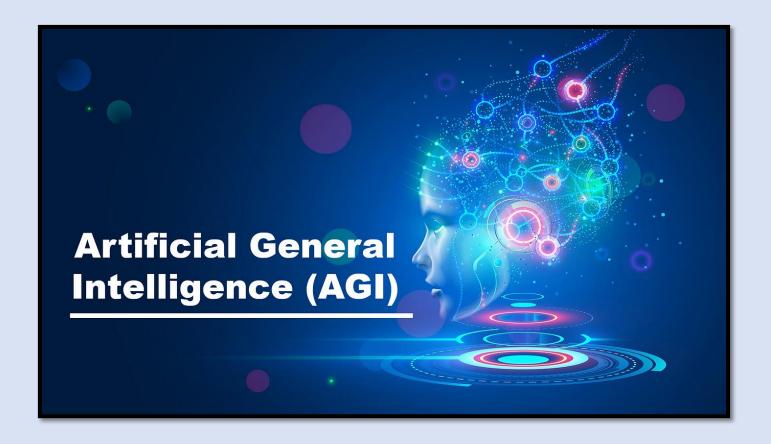
Potential Implications

- 1. **Economic Impact**: AGI could revolutionize industries by automating complex tasks, potentially leading to significant economic changes, including shifts in labor markets and productivity increases.
- 2. **Ethical Considerations**: The development of AGI raises profound ethical questions, including concerns about control, alignment with human values, and the potential for misuse.
- 3. **Scientific Advancements**: AGI could accelerate scientific research by enabling more efficient data analysis, hypothesis generation, and experimentation across diverse fields.

Challenges in AGI Development

- 1. **Technical Complexity**: Developing AGI requires creating systems with broad cognitive abilities and general problem-solving skills, a challenge that involves both hardware and software advancements.
- 2. Safety and Alignment: Ensuring that AGI systems act in alignment with human values and intentions is a significant concern. Researchers are exploring methods to ensure that AGI behaves safely and predictably.

3. **Resource Constraints**: Building AGI will require substantial computational resources and data, posing challenges related to scalability and accessibility.



Conclusion

The pursuit of AGI represents one of the most ambitious goals in artificial intelligence research. While still in its infancy, AGI has the potential to reshape technology, society, and human understanding. Continued research and dialogue will be essential in navigating the challenges and opportunities presented by this transformative technology.

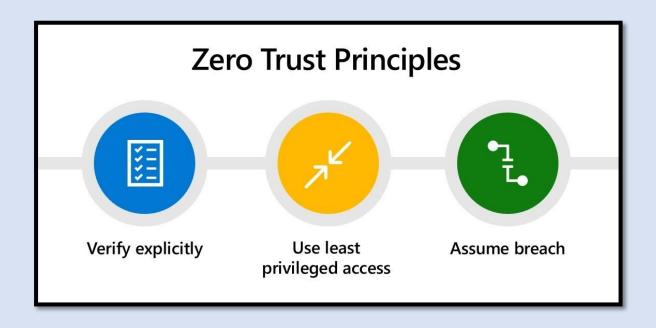
03. The Evolution of Cyber security: Embracing Zero Trust Architecture.

Introduction

In an era where cyber threats are increasingly sophisticated, traditional security models are becoming insufficient. Zero Trust Architecture (ZTA) has emerged as a cutting-edge approach to addressing these challenges by fundamentally changing how access is managed and security is enforced. This article explores the principles of Zero Trust Architecture, its implementation, and its impact on modern cyber security.

Principles of Zero Trust Architecture

1. **Never Trust, Always Verify**: The Zero Trust model operates on the principle that no user or device should be trusted by default, regardless of its location. Every access request is subject to rigorous verification, regardless of whether it originates from inside or outside the network.



- 2. **Least Privilege Access**: ZTA enforces the principle of least privilege, ensuring that users and devices have only the minimum level of access necessary to perform their tasks. This minimizes the potential impact of any compromised account or system.
- 3. **Micro-Segmentation**: ZTA employs micro-segmentation to divide the network into smaller segments, each with its own security controls. This containment strategy limits the lateral movement of attackers within the network.

Implementing Zero Trust Architecture

- 1. **Identity and Access Management (IAM)**: Implementing robust IAM systems is critical to Zero Trust. This includes multifactor authentication (MFA), single sign-on (SSO), and continuous monitoring of user behavior to detect anomalies.
- 2. **Network Segmentation**: Creating segmented zones within the network with specific access controls ensures that sensitive data and systems are isolated from potential threats.
- 3. **Endpoint Security**: Ensuring that all devices, including remote and mobile endpoints, are continuously monitored and compliant with security policies is essential for ZTA.
- 4. **Data Protection**: Encrypting data both in transit and at rest, coupled with data loss prevention (DLP) mechanisms, is crucial for safeguarding sensitive information within a Zero Trust framework.

Impact on Modern Cyber security

- 1. **Enhanced Security Posture**: By continuously verifying and enforcing access controls, Zero Trust improves the overall security posture of organizations, making it more difficult for attackers to gain unauthorized access or move laterally within the network.
- 2. **Adaptability to Cloud Environments**: As organizations increasingly migrate to cloud environments, Zero Trust provides a flexible and scalable security model that adapts to the dynamic nature of cloud services and remote work.
- 3. **Improved Incident Response**: With granular visibility and control over user and device interactions, Zero Trust facilitates faster detection and response to security incidents, reducing the impact of breaches.

Conclusion

Zero Trust Architecture represents a significant evolution in cyber security, addressing the limitations of traditional security models in a rapidly changing threat landscape.

By adopting Zero Trust principles, organizations can enhance their security posture, protect critical assets, and better respond to emerging threats. As cyber threats continue to evolve, Zero Trust will play a pivotal role in shaping the future of cyber security.

04. The Power of Edge Computing: Transforming Data Processing and Analysis.

Introduction

In an increasingly connected world, the need for faster data processing and real-time analytics is more critical than ever. Edge computing has emerged as a transformative technology that addresses these needs by bringing computation and data storage closer to the source of data generation. This article explores the concept of edge computing, its advantages, key applications, and the challenges it faces.

Understanding Edge Computing

Edge computing refers to the practice of processing data closer to its source, rather than relying on centralized data centres or cloud computing resources. By placing computational resources at the "edge" of the network—such as on devices, sensors, or local servers—edge computing reduces latency and bandwidth usage, enabling faster and more efficient data processing.

Advantages of Edge Computing

- 1. **Reduced Latency**: One of the primary benefits of edge computing is the reduction in latency. By processing data locally, edge computing minimizes the delay associated with sending data to distant cloud servers and receiving a response. This is crucial for applications that require real-time processing, such as autonomous vehicles or industrial automation.
- 2. **Bandwidth Optimization**: Edge computing reduces the volume of data that needs to be transmitted to and from the cloud. By

performing data aggregation, filtering, and preprocessing at the edge, only relevant or summarized data is sent to the cloud. This optimizes bandwidth usage and lowers costs associated with data transfer.

- 3. **Enhanced Privacy and Security**: Processing sensitive data locally can enhance privacy and security. Edge computing allows organizations to maintain control over data by keeping it within the local network, reducing exposure to potential breaches during transmission.
- 4. **Improved Reliability**: Edge computing can enhance system reliability by enabling local processing even when connectivity to the central cloud is intermittent or lost. This is particularly valuable in remote locations or environments with unreliable network connectivity.

Key Applications of Edge Computing

- 1. **Smart Cities**: In smart cities, edge computing is used to process data from a variety of sources, including traffic sensors, surveillance cameras, and environmental monitors. Real-time data analysis helps manage traffic flow, monitor air quality, and improve public safety.
- 2. **Industrial IoT (IIoT)**: Edge computing plays a critical role in industrial environments by enabling real-time monitoring and control of manufacturing processes. Sensors and machines at the edge generate vast amounts of data, which is processed locally to

optimize operations, predict maintenance needs, and enhance overall efficiency.

- 3. **Autonomous Vehicles**: Autonomous vehicles rely on edge computing to process data from sensors and cameras in real-time. This enables rapid decision-making for navigation, obstacle detection, and collision avoidance, which is essential for the safe operation of self-driving cars.
- 4. **Healthcare**: In healthcare, edge computing facilitates real-time monitoring of patients through wearable devices and medical sensors. By processing data locally, healthcare providers can quickly respond to critical conditions and make timely decisions about patient care.

Challenges of Edge Computing

- 1. **Scalability**: Managing and scaling edge computing infrastructure can be complex. Organizations need to deploy and maintain a large number of edge devices, which requires robust management and orchestration tools to ensure seamless operation.
- 2. Security: While edge computing can enhance security by localizing data processing, it also introduces new security challenges. Edge devices can be vulnerable to attacks, and ensuring their security requires implementing strong access controls, encryption, and regular updates.
- 3. **Data Management**: Coordinating data processing and storage across numerous edge devices can be challenging. Organizations

must develop strategies for data synchronization, consistency, and integration with central cloud systems when necessary.

4. **Interoperability**: Ensuring interoperability between diverse edge devices and systems is essential for effective edge computing deployment. Standardization and compatibility across various hardware and software platforms are crucial for achieving seamless integration.

Conclusion

Edge computing is transforming the landscape of data processing and



analysis by enabling faster, more efficient, reliable and computing closer to the data source. With its ability to reduce optimize latency, bandwidth, and enhance privacy, edge computing is driving innovation

across various industries, including smart cities, industrial IoT, autonomous vehicles, and healthcare. However, challenges such as scalability, security, data management, and interoperability must be addressed to fully realize the potential of edge computing. As technology continues to advance, edge computing will play an increasingly pivotal role in shaping the future of digital infrastructure.

05. Embracing Low-Code Platforms: Revolutionizing Software Development.

Introduction

In the ever-evolving world of technology, low-code platforms have emerged as a game-changer in software development. By simplifying the coding process and enabling rapid application development, low-code platforms are democratizing the creation of software and empowering both technical and non-technical users to build solutions. This article explores the concept of low-code development, its benefits, key applications, and future prospects.

What is Low-Code Development?

Low-code development refers to a visual approach to software development that requires minimal hand-coding. Instead of writing extensive code, users employ graphical user interfaces (GUIs) and dragand-drop tools to design and build applications. These platforms provide pre-built components and templates that facilitate the rapid creation of applications with minimal programming knowledge.

Benefits of Low-Code Platforms

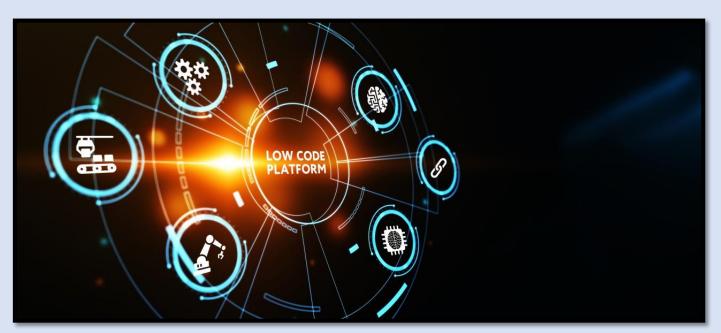
1. **Accelerated Development**: Low-code platforms significantly reduce the time required to develop applications. By using visual development tools and pre-built templates, developers can quickly assemble and deploy applications, accelerating time-to-market and enabling faster responses to business needs.

- 2. **Increased Accessibility**: Low-code platforms make application development more accessible to non-technical users, such as business analysts and domain experts. This democratization of development allows individuals with limited coding experience to contribute to the creation of solutions, fostering innovation and collaboration.
- 3. **Cost Efficiency**: With reduced development time and the ability to leverage existing components, low-code platforms can lower the cost of application development. Organizations can achieve more with fewer resources, making it a cost-effective solution for both small businesses and large enterprises.
- 4. **Enhanced Agility**: Low-code platforms support iterative development and rapid prototyping, enabling organizations to quickly adapt to changing requirements and market conditions. This agility is crucial in today's fast-paced business environment, where the ability to pivot and respond to new opportunities can provide a competitive advantage.

Key Applications of Low-Code Platforms

1. **Business Process Automation**: Low-code platforms are widely used to automate business processes, such as workflow management, customer relationship management (CRM), and human resources (HR) operations. By streamlining and automating repetitive tasks, organizations can improve efficiency and reduce manual errors.

- 2. **Custom Applications**: Organizations use low-code platforms to develop custom applications tailored to their specific needs. Whether it's a project management tool, inventory management system, or internal collaboration app, low-code platforms provide the flexibility to build solutions that align with business objectives.
- 3. **Mobile App Development**: Low-code platforms enable the creation of mobile applications with minimal coding. Users can design and deploy apps for iOS and Android using intuitive visual tools, making it easier to reach mobile users and deliver responsive experiences.
- 4. **Integration Solutions**: Low-code platforms facilitate the integration of disparate systems and data sources. By providing prebuilt connectors and integration tools, these platforms enable seamless data exchange and workflow automation across different applications and systems.



Challenges and Considerations

- 1. **Limited Customization**: While low-code platforms offer a range of pre-built components, they may have limitations in terms of customization. Complex or highly specialized requirements might necessitate additional coding or integration with traditional development tools.
- 2. **Scalability**: As applications developed on low-code platforms grow in complexity and user base, scalability can become a concern. It's essential to evaluate whether the platform can handle increased demand and performance requirements.
- 3. **Security and Compliance**: Ensuring the security and compliance of applications built on low-code platforms is crucial. Organizations must assess the platform's security features, such as data encryption and access controls, and ensure that applications meet industry regulations and standards.
- 4. **Vendor Lock-In**: Organizations should be mindful of potential vendor lock-in with low-code platforms. Switching platforms or migrating applications can be challenging, so it's important to consider the long-term implications and flexibility of the chosen solution.

Future Prospects

The future of low-code development looks promising as technology continues to advance. Emerging trends include the integration of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning (ML) into low-code platforms, further enhancing automation and data analysis capabilities. Additionally, the rise of no-code platforms—designed for even greater ease of use—will likely complement and expand the possibilities of low-code development.

Conclusion

Low-code platforms are transforming the landscape of software



development by enabling faster, more accessible, and costeffective application creation. With their

ability to accelerate development, empower non-technical users, and support a wide range of applications, low-code platforms are shaping the future of technology. As organizations and individuals embrace these tools, they unlock new opportunities for innovation, efficiency, and collaboration in an increasingly digital world.

o6. Report on "Expert talk on Opportunity in Software Development."

1. Event Title: Expert talk on Opportunity in Software Development.

2. Event Date: 12/10/2022

3. Event Conduction Duration: 1pm to 2 pm

4. Event Venue: TE classroom

5. **Event Resource Person Details**: Mr Raj Agrawal, Sr. Software Engineer, Prygma Solutions.

6. Name of Event Coordinator: Prof V. V. Mahale & Prof M. V. Korade

7. Expected Audience: SE and TE students

8. Number of Participants: 95

9. Course Content: Various opportunity in software development

10. Event Objectives & Outcomes:

Objectives: To make students aware about the opportunities in the software field.

Outcome: Mr Raj Agrawal has guided students about the various opportunities in software field. Students got the information about the key jobs after engineering and what all they need to do to be expert in that field.

11. Photos:













07. Report on Event "Cyber Security"

- 1. Event Title: Cyber Security
- 2. **Event Date**: 13/10/2022
- 3. Event Conduction Duration: 11 am to 12 pm
- 4. Event Venue: TE classroom
- 5. Event Resource Person Details: Mr Tanmay Dixit (Cyber Forensic expert)
- 6. **Name of Event Coordinator**: Prof M. V. Korade and Prof V. V. Mahale
- 7. Expected Audience: SE and TE Students
- 8. Number of Participants: 75
- 9. **Course Content**: Types of attacks, cyber security, bug bounty, Real time case studies.

10.Event Objectives & Outcomes:

Objectives: To make students aware of security threats and attacks. Also to show students how devices are hacked.

Outcome: Students have learned the importance of data security in social network. They have also understood how the hacking is done. Various case studies had made them realise how they can be in problem if they do any illegal things on internet. Overall it was a great session for students.

11.Photo:



